

Code: QF053								
Name: Laboratório de Química Aplicada								
Name in English: Applied Chemistry Laboratory								
Name in Spanish: Laboratorio de Química Aplicada								
Subject type: Weekly								
Approval Type: Grade and Attendance								
Characteristic: Regular								
Frequency: 75%								
Period Type / Offering period: Semester / All periods								
Requires Final Exam: Yes								
Vectors								
T	L	P	O	PE	OE	SL	WEEKS	CREDITS
-	4	-	-	-	-	4	15	4
Occurrence on curriculum: 05, 50								
Pre requirement: * QF661								
Summary: Experiments in applied chemistry related to material properties, colloid properties, surface physical chemistry, and industrial relevance systems and processes.								
<p>Programa:</p> <p>Processing operations. Developed through experiments such as: Alcohol gel preparation; Distillation; Polymer processing. Material properties. Developed through experiments such as: Polymer identification; Thermal properties of polymers; Mechanical properties of polymers; Polymer crystallization. Colloid properties. Developed through experiments such as: Adsorption isotherms; Viscosity of polymeric solutions; Rheology; colloidal stability. Surface physical chemistry. Developed through experiments such as: Surface tension determination; Emulsion stability; contact angle measurements and surface modification.</p>								
Basic Bibliography								
1) LUCAS, E.F.; BLUMA G.S., MONTEIRO, E. Caracterização de polímeros , 1 Ed., Rio de Janeiro: e-papers Serviços Editoriais Ltda, 2001. 366 p								
2) SHAW, D.J. Introdução à Química de Coloides e de Superfícies . São Paulo: Editora da Universidade de São Paulo, 1975. 195 p								
3) ATKINS P. de PAULA, J. Atkins físico-química . 9. Ed. Rio de Janeiro: LTC, 2012. 416 p								
Supplementary Bibliography								
1) ADAMSON, W. GAST, A.P. Physical Chemistry of Surfaces , 6. Ed. New York: Wiley Interscience Pub., 1997. 808 p								
2) NETZ, P.A., ORTEHA, G.G. Fundamentos de Físico-Química , São Paulo: Arimed Editora S.A., 2002. 296 p								
3) ALBERTY, R.A. Physical Chemistry , Singapore: John Wiley & Sons, 1987.								
4) VOGEL, A. I. Química Orgânica , Rio de Janeiro: Ao Livro Técnico S/A, 1985. Vol. 1								
5) LOVELL, P.A. In. ALLEN, G.; BEVINGTON, J., eds. Comprehensive Polymer Science . 7. Ed. Oxford: Pergamon Press, 1989. vol. 1 Polymer Characterization, cap. 9.								
6) BILLMEYER, F. W. Textbook of Polymer Science , 3. Ed. New York: Wiley, 1984. 578 p								
7) MANDELKERN, L. Crystallization and melting , In. ALLEN, G.; BEVINGTON, J., eds. Comprehensive Polymer Science . Oxford: Pergamon Press, 1989. vol. 2 Polymer Properties, pg. 363.								
8) Tensile Testing of Plastics and Polymers from Intertek. Visão geral da máquina de ensaios mecânicos e dos parâmetros que podem ser medidos em polímeros . Vídeo (2:46 min): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VgE7TaXuUqI								
9) Materials Concepts. Definições dos principais parâmetros extraídos dos ensaios mecânicos . Vídeo (9:03 min): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b6UIsANNIO								

- 10) University of Cambridge. Site com curva interativa: <https://www.doitpoms.ac.uk/tlplib/polymers/stress-strain.php>
- 11) University of Cambridge. **Efeito da velocidade de estiramento.** Site com pequenos vídeos: <https://www.doitpoms.ac.uk/tlplib/polymers/tensile-testing.php>
- 12) **OMNEXUS-The material selection platform. Cálculo do módulo de Young e valores de referência para polímeros.** <https://omnexus.specialchem.com/polymer-properties/properties/young-modulus>
- 13) PAVIA et al, **Introduction to Laboratory Techniques: Small scale approach**, 1º ed., Orlando: Harcourt College Publisher,1998. págs 733-746.
- 14) TREYBAL, R.E. **Mass Transfer Operations**, Boston: McGraw-Hill, 1981.
- 15) CARVALHO, M. A. P., CURTIS, W. R., **Pilot Plant Batch Distillation**, I. Wilson, I.D. Encyclopedia of Separation Science, 2000. p. 1098-1113 (<https://doi.org/10.1016/B0-12-226770-2/04741-4>)
- 16) McCABE, W.L., SMITH, J.C, HARRIOTT, P. **Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering**, 7. Ed. Boston: McGraw Hill, 2005